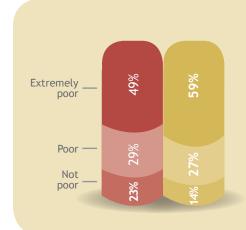


Fe y Alegría's impact on students and their families

Does Fe y Alegría work with the poorest and most vulnerable students, generating opportunities for access, permanence and completion?





77,5% of Fe y Alegría families live in conditions of poverty or extreme poverty. Through this reality, a more socio-economically heterogeneous student body is formed.





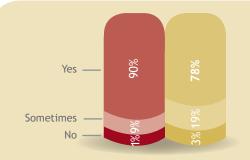


One third of the students in Fe y Alegría schools and mirror schools do some kind of paid work. Among women, child labour is more related to household chores. In Fe y Alegría there are no girls who drop out of school to work.



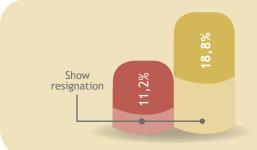


20,8% of Fe y Alegría students and 13.6% of mirror schools feel that insecurity is the greatest threat to their lives.





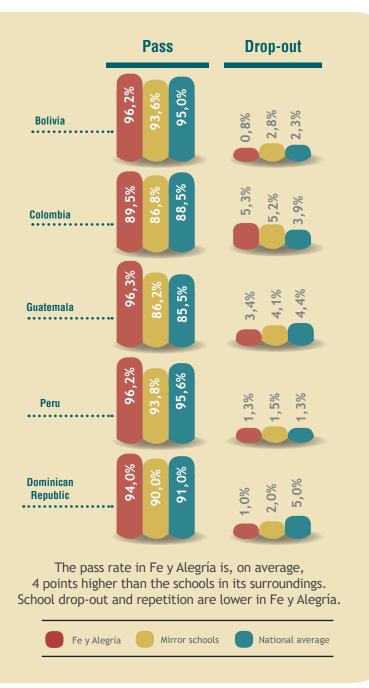
Fe y Alegría students are more aware of the negative effects of abuse than those of mirror schools.



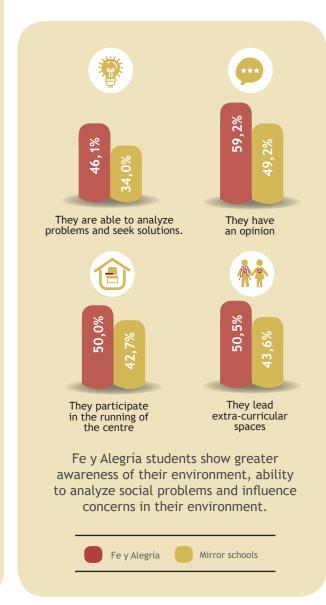


Fe y Alegría students suffer less gender violence and are more confident about avoiding it.





Does Fe y Alegría train citizens with critical awareness and social commitment?



Does Fe y Alegría increase its students' social mobility?

